







Alachua County Eastside Community Redevelopment Area

Alachua County
Department of Growth Management
May 24, 2011

Introduction

Purpose:

Provide an update to the Board of County Commissioners about the current status of the Alachua County Eastside CRA project and request direction.

Action Requested:

- •Authorize staff to proceed with data collection and analysis, field work, and documentation of community conditions necessary to prepare a Finding of Necessity for the conceptual CRA study area; and
- Provide the resolutions pertaining to the establishment of an Alachua County Community Redevelopment Area to the Board of County Commissioners and request authorization to advertise the Public Hearing to consider adoption of the resolutions.

Purpose of a CRA

Purpose of a CRA:

- Strategic plan for revitalizing the community
- Attract additional development
- Foster business expansion and employment opportunities

The existence of a CRA can:

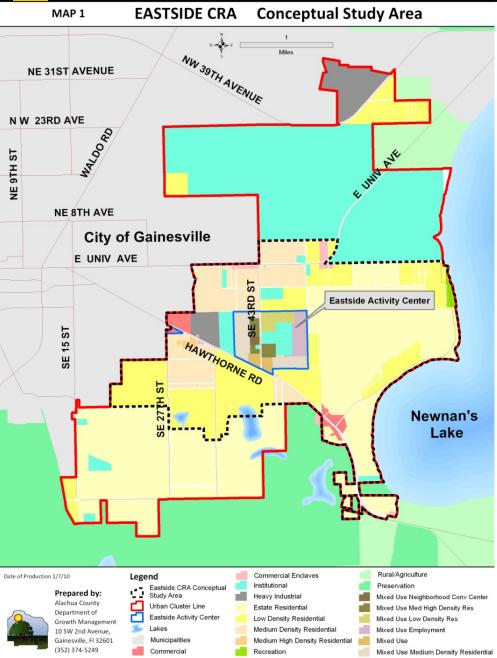
- Signal to the community that redevelopment is an important priority for the County
- Serve as a critical tool in leveraging additional funding or investment within the redevelopment area.

Establishing a CRA implements:

- Comprehensive Plan policies and direction from the Board of County Commissioners
- Revitalization of the area in the vicinity of the Eastside Activity Center as a component of the Plan East Gainesville vision



Conceptual Redevelopment Area

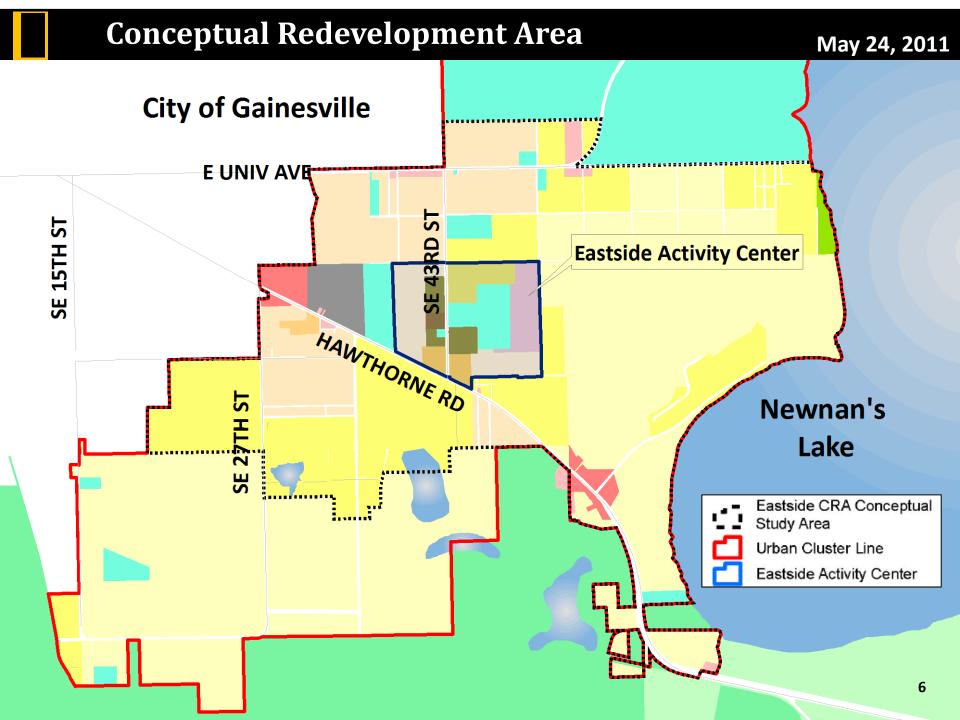


Plan East Gainesville Final Report (adopted 2003)

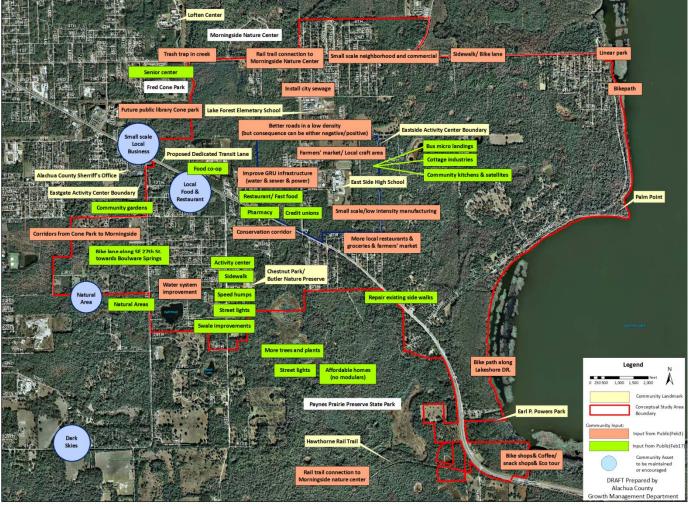
Comprehensive Plan Future Land use Element (amended 2006)

Eastside Activity Center Master Plan (updated 2009)

Alachua County Unified Land Development Code (amended 2010)



Summary of Community Meetings











February 3, 2011Eastside High School Media Center

February 17, 2011 Compassionate Outreach Ministries

Examples of needs identified during Community Meetings

- Trash Trap in Creek near Loften High School
- More trees and plants on Hawthorne Rd.
- ■Farmer's Market
- Small scale local businesses
- Community center at Chestnut Park
- ■Community gardens at Chestnut Park
- Improve/Increase GRU Infrastructure
- Better and more frequent transit loop/ lake loop
- Repair existing sidewalks in Hawthorne Rd.
- ■Sidewalks in Chestnut Park
- ■Bike Path along Lake Shore Drive
- Rail trail connection to
 Morningside Nature Center
- Sidewalk & Bike Lane on Kincaid Loop
- Better roads within Activity Center area
- Speed humps in Hawthorne Rd. and Chestnut Park
- ■Street lights in Chestnut Park
- Decorative entrances to existing neighborhood
- ■Building façade program
- Affordable housing

CRA Goals and example projects

Transportation

- Better and more frequent transit services and headways
- Repair existing sidewalks in/around Hawthorne Road
- Improve local roads

Public Facilities

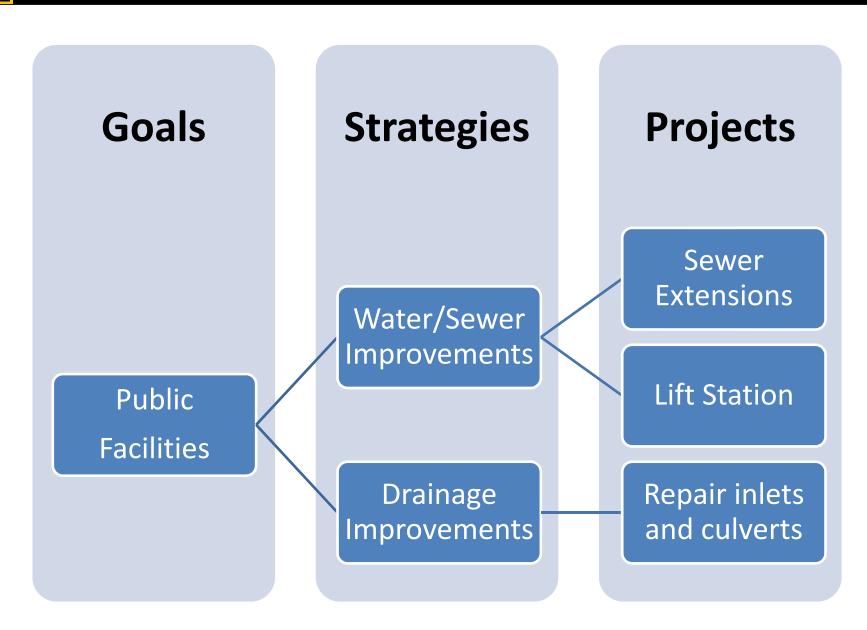
- •Improve/Increase water and sewer facilities
- Sanitary sewer lift station
- Street lights in Chestnut Park
- Drainage improvements

Local Economy

- Mixed use developments
- Resident access to shopping and services
- Local businesses
- Farmer's Market in Activity Center
- •Light Industrial /small scale manufacturing

Environment

- Trash trap in Creek near Loften High School
- More landscaping on Hawthorne Road
- Maintain natural assets in and near Payne's Prairie



Finding of Necessity

Blight Definition:

"Blighted Area means an area in which there are a substantial number of deteriorated, or deteriorating structures, in which conditions, as indicated by government-maintained statistics or other studies, are leading to economic distress or endanger life or property, and in which two or more of the following factors are present:

Examples of Blight Conditions:

Deterioration of site or other improvements	Defective or inadequate street layout, parking, roadways, public transportation
Faulty lot layout in relation to size, adequacy, accessibility, or usefulness	Decrease in property values over last 5 years
Higher proportion of residential or commercial vacancy rates	Unsanitary or unsafe conditions
Inadequate and outdated building density patterns	Falling office, commercial, industrial lease rates
Higher proportion of Building Code Violations	Abandoned vacant lots
A determination of demolition by neglect	Higher proportion of Fire and EMS calls

Finding of Necessity

Finding of Necessity:

- Defective or inadequate street layout, parking facilities, roadways, bridges or public transportation facilities;
- Aggregate assessed values of real property in the area for ad valorem tax purposes have failed to show any appreciable increase over the past five years;
- Faulty lot layout in relation to size, adequacy, accessibility or usefulness;
- Unsanitary or unsafe conditions;
- Deterioration of site or other improvements;
- Inadequate and outdated building density patterns;
- Falling lease rates per square foot of office, commercial, or industrial space compared to the remainder of the County;
- Tax or special assessment delinquency exceeding the fair value of the land;

- Residential and commercial vacancy rates higher in the area than in the remainder of the County;
- Incidence of crime in the area higher than in the remainder of the County;
- Fire and emergency medical service calls to the area proportionately higher than in the remainder of the County;
- A greater number of violations of the Florida Building Code in the area than the number of violations recorded in the remainder of the County;
- Diversity of ownership or defective or unusual conditions of title which prevent the free alienability of land within the deteriorated or hazardous area; or
- Governmentally owned property with adverse environmental conditions caused by a public or private entity.

Requirements for Establishing a CRA per Chapter 163, F.S.:

The Board of County Commissioners must appoint a CRA Board

The CRA Board may be composed of the County Commission, or it may be composed of members of the community that are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners.

Adopt the Redevelopment Plan recommended by the CRA Board

The Redevelopment Plan must include the projects recommended by the CRA Board, and the CRA cannot fund projects that are not included in the Redevelopment Plan.

Funding

General fund allocation

Where does a CRA get its funding?

Tax Increment Financing (TIF)

Public/Private Partnerships

Grants

Leveraging

What is Tax Increment Financing (TIF)?

A revenue source unique to CRAs that can help fund initiatives designed to stimulate economic development, based on the increase in property values due to redevelopment (without an increase in tax rates)

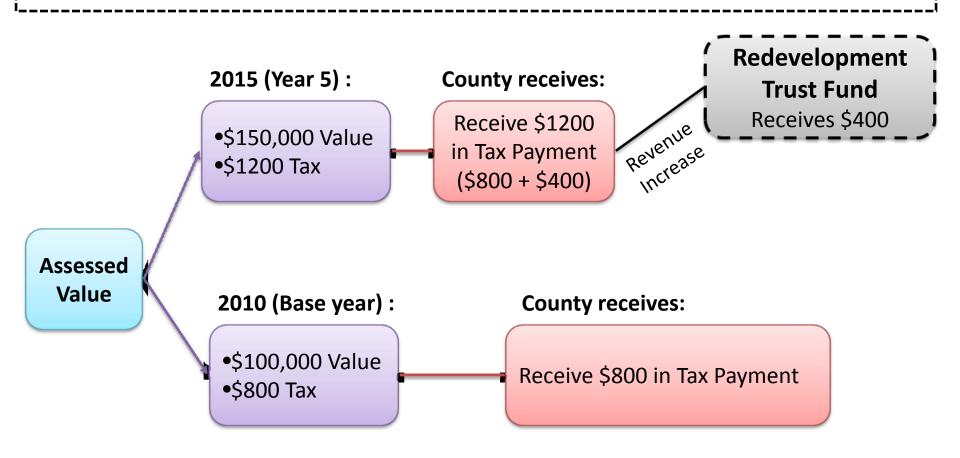
Having a TIF tool can provide the opportunity for leveraging additional funding sources such as grants, micro-loan programs, public-private partnerships and related activities to enhance the quality of life and economic opportunity in the CRA

The Board of County Commissioners can determine the percentage of the increment amount that goes back to the CRA

If the TIF tool is used, a Trust Fund must be established to escrow the tax increment revenue from the increase in property values which is retained to fund expenses for implementing the Redevelopment Plan

Tax Increment Example

Revenue Increase from County received → Redevelopment Trust Fund: Receives \$400 (Millage rate is constant)



Redevelopment Plan

Conclusion

Recommendation: Authorize staff to



Proceed with data collection and analysis, field work, and documentation of community conditions necessary to prepare a Finding of Necessity for the conceptual CRA study area



Prepare the Finding of Necessity and Resolution to establish an Alachua County Community Redevelopment Agency and bring to the Board of County Commissioners with request to advertise the Public Hearing on adoption of the resolutions







Questions?

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